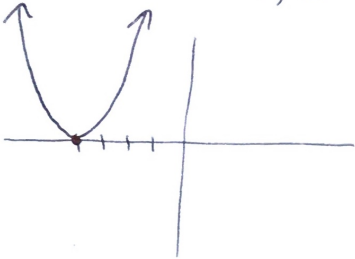


2.2 Graphing Polynomial Equations

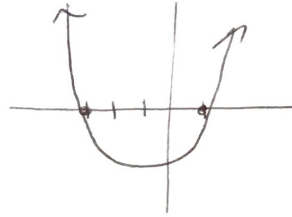
Date _____ Period _____

Find all roots and graph the function.

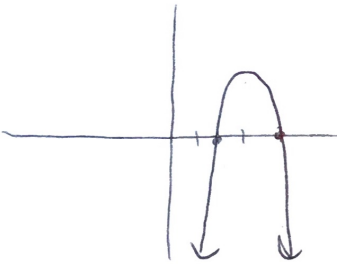
1) $f(x) = (x + 4)^2$

roots: $x = -4, x = -4$ 

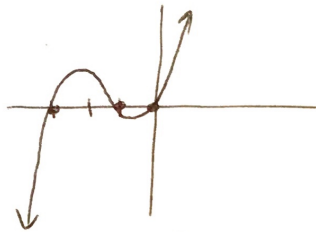
2) $f(x) = (x + 3)(x - 1)$

roots: $x = -3, x = 1$ 

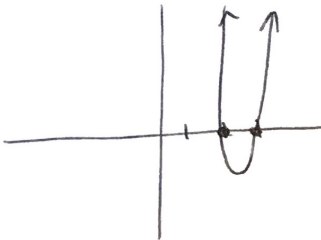
3) $f(x) = -2(x - 4)(x - 2)$

roots: $x = 4, 2$ 

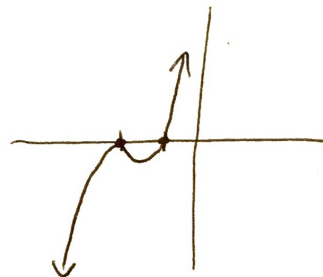
4) $f(x) = x(x + 1)(x + 3)$

roots: $x = 0, -1, -3$ 

5) $f(x) = (x - 3)(x - 2)$

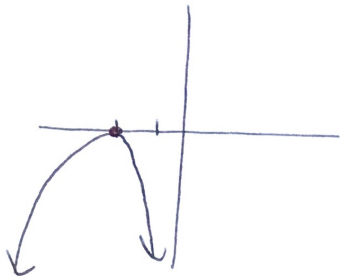
roots: $x = 3, 2$ 

6) $f(x) = (x + 1)(x + 2)^2$

roots: $x = -1, x = -2, x = -2$ 

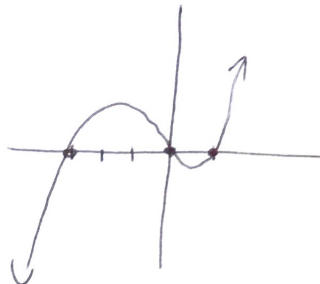
7) $f(x) = -3(x+2)^2$

roots: $x = -2, x = -2$



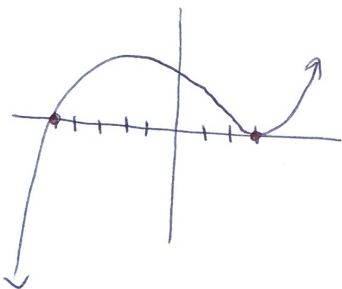
8) $f(x) = x(x-1)(x+3)$

roots: $x = 0, x = 1, x = -3$



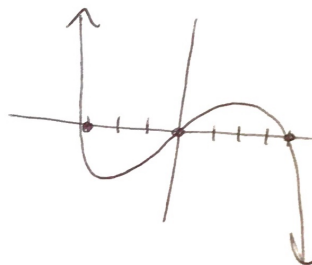
9) $f(x) = (x-3)^2(x+5)$

roots: $x = 3, x = 3, x = -5$



10) $f(x) = -x(x+3)(x-4)$

roots: $x = 0, x = -3, x = 4$



Write a possible polynomial function of least degree that has the given zeros.

11) $-1, 5, -3$

$$y = (x+1)(x-5)(x+3)$$

12) $-5, -2, \frac{1}{5}$

$$y = (x+5)(x+2)(5x-1)$$

$$5x-1=0$$

$$5x=1$$

$$x = \frac{1}{5}$$