

Day 4

Monday, September 18, 2017
11:18 AM

- I. Warm-up/homework Questions
- II. Review polynomial equations and graphs.
- III. Graph Rational functions (in factored form)
- IV. Assignment Pg 145 9-15 all, 29, 47



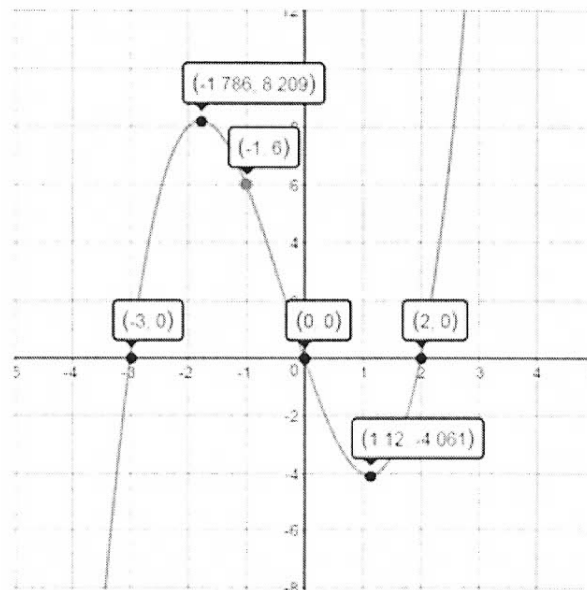
2.5 Day 1
Guided No...

Warm-up: Identify each of the following for this graph.

1. Parent equation x^3
2. End behavior using limits
3. Zeros $x = -3, 0, 2$
4. Y-intercept $(0, 0)$
5. Extrema
6. Possible Equation

2) $\lim_{x \rightarrow -\infty} f(x) = -\infty$; $\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} f(x) = \infty$

5) rel max: $(-1.786, 8.209)$,
rel min: $(1.12, -4.061)$

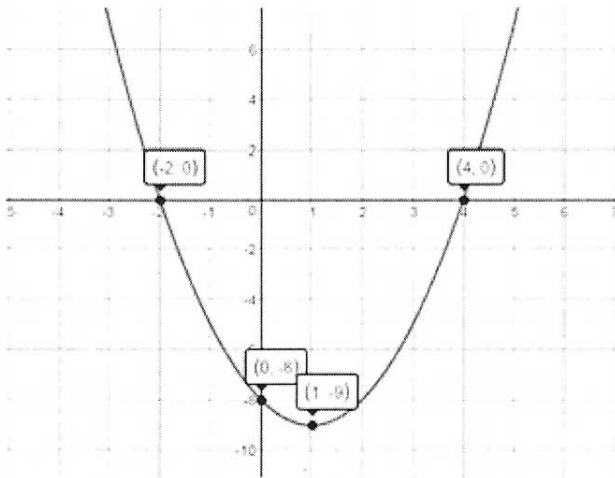


Homework Questions
Pg 104 (23-41 odd, 64-67, 81-84)

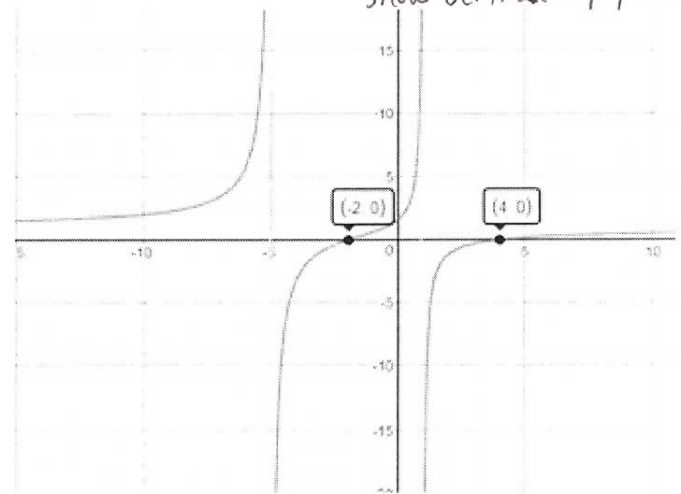
$$\begin{aligned} 6. \quad y &= a(x+3)(x-0)(x-2) \\ y &= ax(x+3)(x-2) \\ 6 &= a(-1)(-1+3)(-1-2) \\ 6 &= a(-1)(2)(-3) \\ 6 &= 6a \\ 1 &= a \\ y &= x(x+3)(x-2) \end{aligned}$$

Look closely at the equations for each graph below. In your groups, determine how each factor affects each graph.

opposites show zeroes
 $y = (x - 4)(x + 2)$

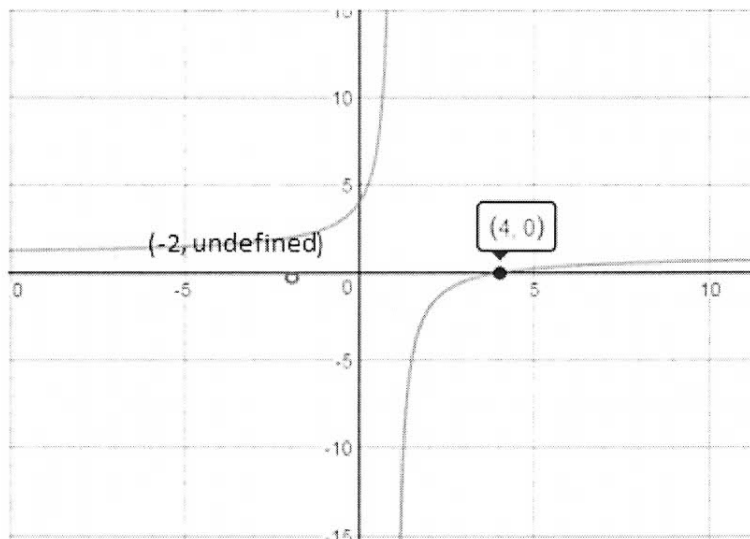


opposites of numerator shows zeroes
 opposites of denominator show vertical asymptotes
 $y = \frac{(x - 4)(x + 2)}{(x - 1)(x + 5)}$



Let's look at one more.

$y = \frac{(x - 4)(x + 2)}{(x - 1)(x + 2)}$
 (x + 2) is circled and labeled "hole".
 (x - 4) is labeled "zero".
 (x - 1) is labeled "vert. asymptote".



Rational Functions Diagram

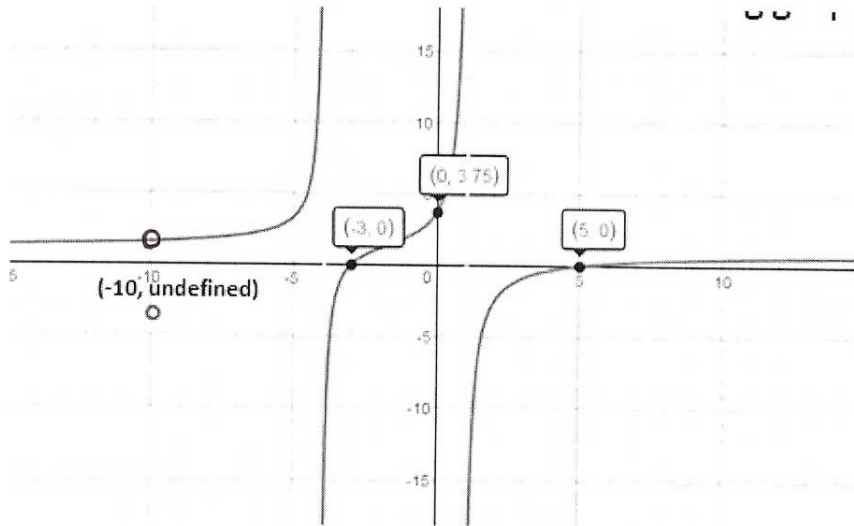
$$y = \frac{(\text{zero})(\text{zero})(\text{hole})}{(\text{Vert. Asymptote})(\text{hole})}$$

Write a rational function with the following properties:

- Zero at (-3, 0),
- vertical asymptote at $x = 2$
- hole at $x = 5$.

$$\frac{x(x+3)(x-5)}{(x-2)(x-5)}$$

Write a rational function for the following graph.



Zeros: $x = -3, 5$
 v. asymptotes: $x = -4, 1$
 hole: $x = -10$

$$\frac{(x+3)(x-5)(x+10)}{(x+4)(x-1)(x+10)}$$

Can you draw the graph for

$$y = \frac{(x-4)(x+7)}{(x+2)(x-2)}$$

Zeros: $x = 4, -7$

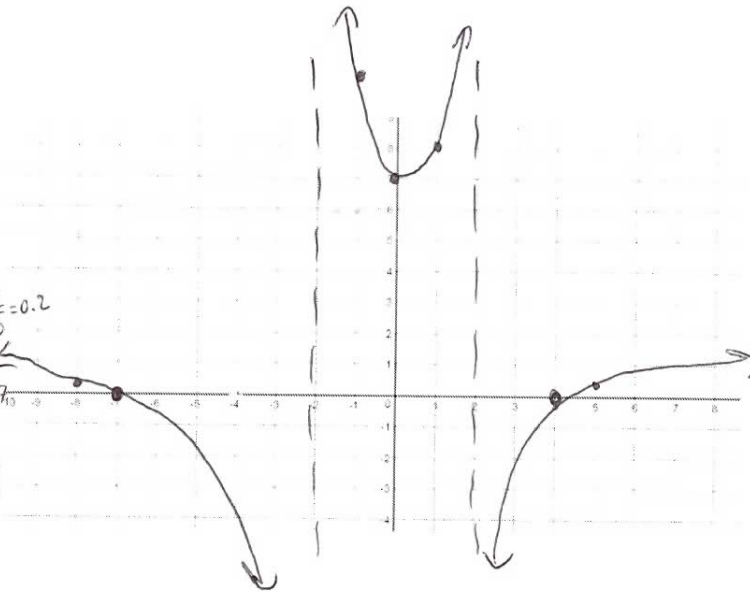
v. asymptotes: $x = -2, 2$

x	y
-8	0.2
0	+7
5	4/7
1	6
-1	10

$$\frac{(-1)(2)(-1)}{(-6)(-10)} = \frac{12}{60} = 0.2$$

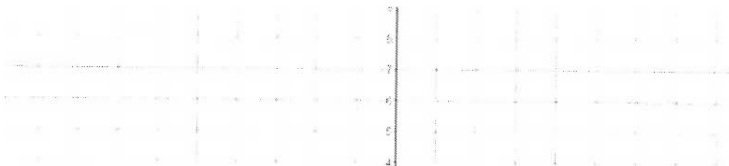
$$\frac{(-4)(7)}{(2)(-2)} = \frac{-28}{-4} = 7$$

$$\frac{(1)(12)}{(7)(3)} = \frac{12}{21} = \frac{4}{7}$$



Try this one!

$$y = \frac{(x-3)(x-2)}{(x+2)(x-2)}$$

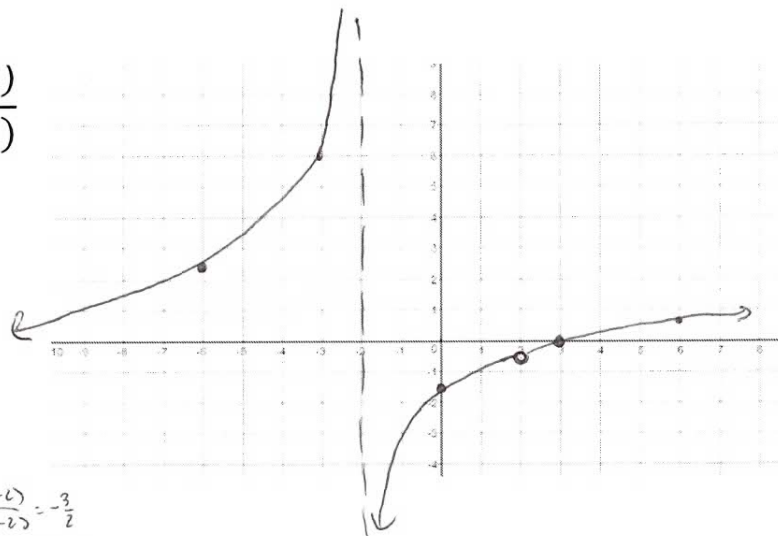


$$y = \frac{(x-3)(x-2)}{(x+2)(x-2)}$$

Zeros: $x=3$

Holes: $x=2$

v. asymptotes: $x=-2$



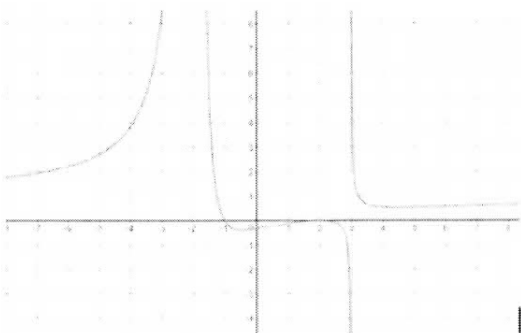
x	y
$\frac{(-9)(-8)}{(-4)(-8)} = \frac{9}{4}$	$\frac{9}{4}$
$\frac{(-6)(-4)}{(-4)(-4)} = 6$	6
0	$-\frac{3}{2}$
2	$-\frac{1}{4}$
6	$\frac{3}{8}$

$$\frac{(-3)(-6)}{(2)(-2)} = -\frac{3}{2}$$

$$\frac{(-1)(0)}{(4)(0)}$$

$$\frac{(3)(4)}{(8)(4)} = \frac{3}{8}$$

Note: When factors are squared it changes how the graphs behave at each point.



$$y = \frac{(\text{zero})(\text{double zero})^2}{(\text{even asymptote})^2(\text{odd asymptote})}$$

$$y = \frac{(x+1)(x-2)^2}{(x+2)^2(x-3)}$$

Assignment: Pg 145 (9-15 all, 29, 47)