

Day 3

Wednesday, October 11, 2017
8:20 AM

Copy: Two forms of quiz plus notes on 4.1



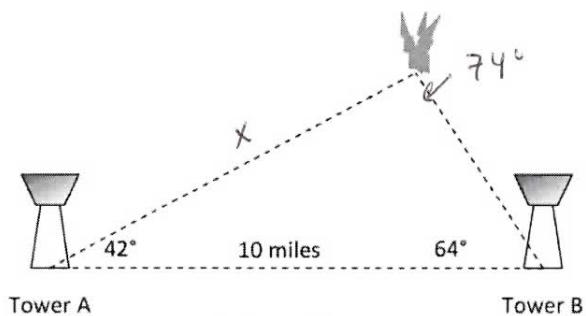
PreCalculus
Notes 4-1



Chapter 4
Quiz 1 on ...

Warm-up:

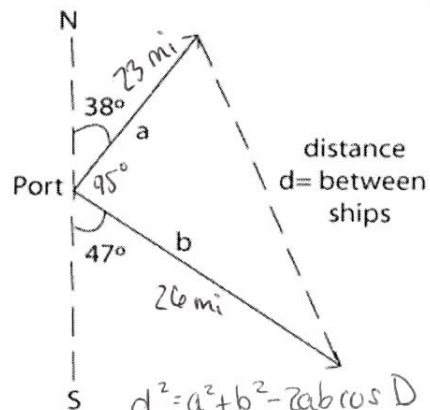
Fire towers A and B are located 10 miles apart. They use the direction of the other tower as 0° . Rangers at fire tower A spots a fire at 42° , and rangers at fire tower B spot the same fire at 64° . How far from tower A is the fire to the nearest tenth of a mile?



$$\frac{\sin 74}{10} = \frac{\sin 64}{x}$$

$$x = 9.4 \text{ mi}$$

Two ships leave port at 4 p.m. One is headed at a bearing of N 38° E and is traveling at 11.5 miles per hour. The other is traveling 13 miles per hour at a bearing of S 47° E. How far apart are they when dinner is served at 6 p.m.?



$$d^2 = a^2 + b^2 - 2ab \cos D$$

$$d^2 = 23^2 + 26^2 - 2(23)(26) \cos 95^\circ$$

$$d^2 = 1309.24 \quad d = 36.2 \text{ mi}$$

2 hrs.

Pasted from
<http://www.algebra.com/practice/practice.aspx?file=Word_LawofCosines.xml>

Homework Questions?

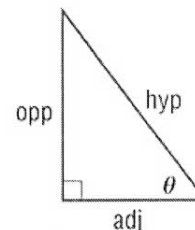
Today's Objectives:

- Find values of trigonometric functions for acute angles of right triangles.

- Solve right triangles.

KeyConcept Trigonometric Functions

Let θ be an acute angle in a right triangle and the abbreviations opp, adj, and hyp refer to the length of the side opposite θ , the length of the side adjacent to θ , and the length of the hypotenuse, respectively.



Then the six trigonometric functions of θ are defined as follows.

$$\text{sine } (\theta) = \sin \theta = \frac{\text{opp}}{\text{hyp}}$$

$$\text{cosine } (\theta) = \cos \theta = \frac{\text{adj}}{\text{hyp}}$$

$$\text{tangent } (\theta) = \tan \theta = \frac{\text{opp}}{\text{adj}}$$

reciprocals

$$\text{cosecant } (\theta) = \csc \theta = \frac{\text{hyp}}{\text{opp}}$$

$$\text{secant } (\theta) = \sec \theta = \frac{\text{hyp}}{\text{adj}}$$

$$\text{cotangent } (\theta) = \cot \theta = \frac{\text{adj}}{\text{opp}}$$

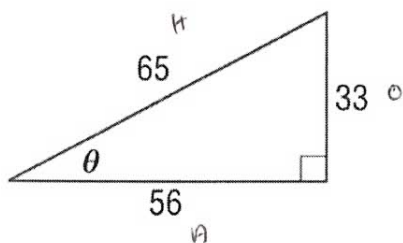
$$\frac{1}{\sin \theta}$$

$$\frac{1}{\cos \theta}$$

$$\frac{1}{\tan \theta}$$

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Find the exact values of the six trigonometric functions of θ .



$$\sin \theta = \frac{33}{65}$$

$$\sec \theta = \frac{65}{56}$$

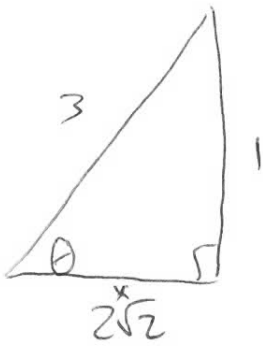
$$\cos \theta = \frac{56}{65}$$

$$\csc \theta = \frac{65}{33}$$

$$\tan \theta = \frac{33}{56}$$

$$\cot \theta = \frac{56}{33}$$

If $\sin \theta = \frac{1}{3}$, find the exact values of the five remaining trigonometric functions for the acute angle θ .



$$\sin \theta = \frac{1}{3}$$

$$\sec \theta = \frac{3 \cdot \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}}{\sqrt{2}} = \frac{3\sqrt{2}}{4}$$

$$\cos \theta = \frac{2\sqrt{2}}{3}$$

$$\csc \theta = \frac{3}{1} = 3$$

$$\tan \theta = \frac{1}{2\sqrt{2}} \cdot \frac{\sqrt{2}}{\sqrt{2}} = \frac{\sqrt{2}}{4}$$

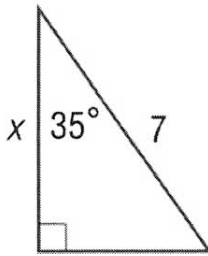
$$\cot \theta = \frac{2\sqrt{2}}{1} = 2\sqrt{2}$$

$$1^2 + x^2 = 3^2$$

$$x^2 = 8$$

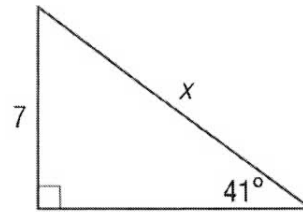
$$x = 2\sqrt{2}$$

Find the value of x for each triangle. Round to the nearest tenth, if necessary.



$$\cos 35 = \frac{x}{7}$$

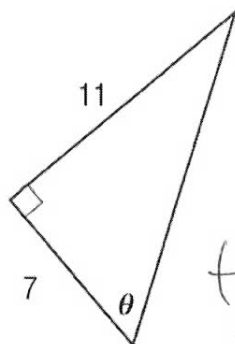
$$x = 5.7$$



$$\sin 41 = \frac{7}{x}$$

$$x = 50$$

Use a trigonometric function to find the measure of θ . Round to the nearest degree, if necessary.

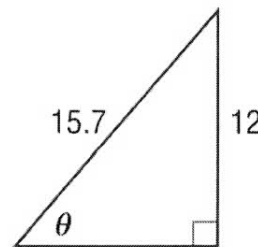


$$\tan \theta = \frac{11}{7}$$

$$\theta = \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{11}{7}\right)$$

$$\theta = 58^\circ$$

~~\tan^{-1}~~

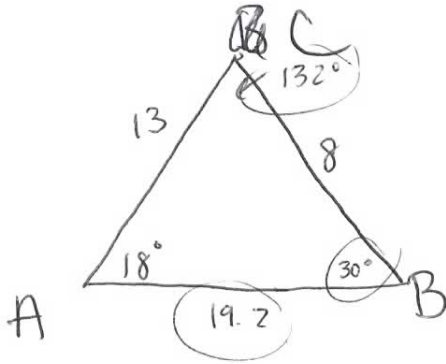


$$\sin \theta = \frac{12}{15.7}$$

$$\theta = \sin^{-1}\left(\frac{12}{15.7}\right)$$

$$\theta = 50^\circ$$

$$A = 18^\circ, a = 8, b = 13$$



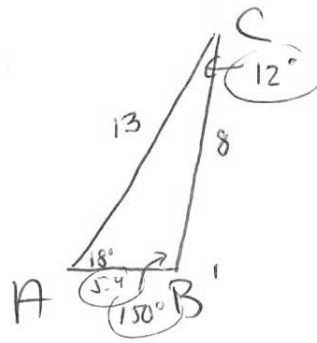
$$\frac{\sin 18}{8} = \frac{\sin B}{13}$$

$$\sin B = 0.50$$

$$B = 30^\circ$$

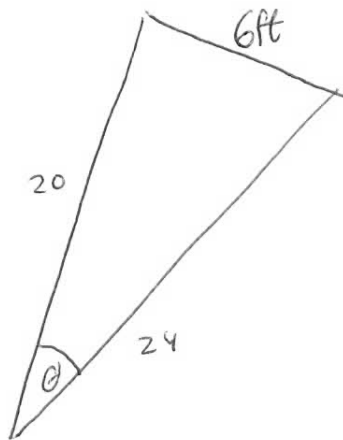
$$\frac{\sin 18}{8} = \frac{\sin 132}{x}$$

$$x = 19.2$$



$$\frac{\sin 18}{8} = \frac{\sin 12}{c}$$

$$c = 5.4$$



$$6^2 = 24^2 + 20^2 - 2(24)(20)\cos\theta$$

$$-960 = -960\cos\theta$$

$$\cos\theta = 1$$

$$\theta = 0^\circ$$

$$\theta = 11.7^\circ$$